



Contact Person
Nu Nu
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MISSION OVERVIEW

CAMP ONE: Waan Won Som, Loilen Lay, Loikaw, Kayah State, Myanmar (Burma); IDPs: 660 household 2,613 IDPs; June 20, 2022

Interview

Date: June 20, 2022
Name: Nang Mokhom
Age: 19
Occupation: Tutor
Village: Baan Makkurkam, Pekon, Loikaw

Interview

Date: June 20, 2022
Name: Jai Thor
Age: 56
Occupation: Farmer
Village: Baan Loihae, Pekon, Loikaw

CAMP TWO: Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma; IDPs: 30 household 104 IDPs; June 23, 2022

CAMP THREE: Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma; IDPs: 77 household 209 IDPs; June 25, 2022

Interview

Date: June 24, 2022
Name: Jai Lao
Age: 19
Occupation: Farmer
Village: Baan Torsang, Kyaukme, Lashio

CAMP FOUR: Waan Pieng Sha (Nam Jha), Keng Tong, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma; IDPs: 22 household 71 IDP; June 26, 2022

Interview

Date: June 26, 2022
Name: Hsa
Age: 48
Occupation: Farmer
Village: Baan Pangmakmue, Kyaukme, Lashio

GLC Program

Date: June 27, 2022
School: Waan Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma

Shan IDPs Relief Mission: Brief Report

On June 15-30, 2022 we went to visit four IDPs and one school in Burma.

CAMP ONE

Camp Name: **Waan Won Som, Loilen Lay, Loikaw, Karenni State, Myanmar (Burma)**
 IDPs: **660 household 2,613 IDPs**
 Location: **19.895698, 97.198846**
 Visited date: **June 20, 2022**



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: This photo was taken after the Shan Ranger Relief Team completed a small program at the temple. They sang songs, taught hygiene, gave food and school support and most importantly encouragement to those displaced. The monks in this area won't allow large program because it is not safe and would draw the attention of the Burma Army.

These IDP people just moved to this place in the middle of May. There are 660 households with 2,613 IDPs. They ran away from Pekon and Moe Bye, Loikaw due to the fighting between the Peoples Defense Force (PDF) and Burma Army (BA), Pa-O National Organization (PNO). Most of the IDPs live in this temple. But some live with villagers' houses near the temple because of insufficient housing, bedding, toilets and cooking facilities. They also lack food and supplies.

At this temple has organized a classroom for IDP children as well because they didn't know when they would go to school and there are many children, so they need to find activities for the children while they stay here.

Therefore, 4 classrooms were organized, divided into Kindergarten 46 children and 3 teachers, Grade 1-2 35 children and 2 teachers, Grade 3-5 39 children and 2 teachers and Grade 6-8 25 children and 2 teachers with children graduating from Grade 10 to become teachers.

Classrooms are located in the temple building. The 4 classrooms are separated in different buildings. There are 4 subjects taught, such as Thai language, English language, Mathematics and Shan language. They are taught the same in every classroom. From the teacher interviewed the problem is there are many children, but few teachers, and not enough teaching equipment and bathrooms.

On that day, we made a distribution of food supplies and school supplies. We taught them about basic hygiene, taught them some songs and gave them encouraging words.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Relief team member provides financial support to the monk and a director of the camp. Each camp has a board that is responsible for managing the needs of the IDPs, distribution of supplies, and managing finances.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: This is the preschool classroom. The Temple has several buildings and three of them have been transformed into classrooms.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: (Grades 3 to 5)



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Students gathered around a table to completing an assignment.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: The IDPs live in one large building there is no privacy. They use tarps on the ground to designate their living space. The IDPs said there is not enough toilets for them use.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: This is an example of a cooking area for the IDP families. The temple has one kitchen that the IDPs can access but it is impossible for everyone to use. They need to support so families can have a better place to cook and prepare meals.



The City of Pekon, Karenni State, Burma: This image was taken by the villagers who returned to check on their home. Some villagers who returned were shot at and abused by the Burma Army.

Interview

Date: **June 20, 2022**
 Name: **Nang Mokhom**
 Age: **19**
 Occupation: **Tutor**
 Gender: **Female**
 Religion: **Buddhism**
 Ethnicity: **Shan**
 Village: **Baan Makkurkam, Pekon, Loikaw**
 Voice record: **Yes**

Mrs. Mokhom is an English teacher at this IDP. She teaches 2 classes per day, Grade 5-6 (40 children) and Grade 7-8 (46 children). She teaches with other teachers. She said that she fled the battle from Loinoi, Pei Kun, Loi Kaw with her friend. But her parents followed her later. She told us that she ran away on 16th May, 2022 to this temple because of the fighting between the People Defense Force (PDF) and Burma Army (BA), Pa-O National Organization (PNO). She said “they burnt our house and mortar but they didn't shoot the villagers. She came to the IDPs place by the villager's car during the day time. When she arrived it was already full of IDPs around 1,000 and more. She said she wants to go back to the village but the fighting is

still going on and sometimes she still hears the fighting voices at night. She doesn't know when she can go back home. We asked her the last two questions: what does she want to say and what does she need? Then she said “We need more, Food supplies, firewood, clothing, bedding and medicine”.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Image of Nanf Mokhom receiving financial support for her class room and students

Interview

Date: **June 20, 2022**
 Name: **Jai Thor**
 Age: **56**
 Occupation: **Farmer**
 Gender: **Male**
 Religion: **Buddhism**
 Ethnic: **Shan**
 Village: **Baan Loihae, Pekon, Loikaw**
 Voice record: **Yes**

Lung Thor is a farmer. He lived in Pei Kun. He heard the fighting between the Peoples Defense Force (PDF) and Burma Army (BA), Pa-O National Organization (PNO). close to his village then he fled to this temple with his six family members on 16th May, 2022 at night by the neighborhood's truck. He said “On that day a lot of Karenni and Shan ran away from the fighting”. “It was very hard to run away at night around 11 pm and now the fighting is happening in my village after I got here” and he said he doesn't know when he can get back home. Moreover, he told us that while the IDP ran away some people took their cows, along with them, but most didn't and was taken by a group of soldiers who were fighting now for food. Some IDP tried to get back to check their house but their belongings were lost, for example; tractor, cars, motorbike, rice sack, buffalo and cow. Their belongings are searched. Now nobody can go back to the village because lately

one IDP went back then got shot by the army and died. They said that what they need most right now is food, bedding and cookware.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Jai Thor.
Several people were gathered around him during the interview many people were excited to hear his story and tell their stories.

As for the remaining 3 IDP camps that we went to visit with are old IDPs, they moved in around October 2021.

For these three IDPs camp, even though they moved in a while ago but from talking to them and asking them, they were still not used to the new address because it was not the house they used to live in but they have to stay here permanently because they could not return to their village because if they returned, they might be shot and dead and probably no home for them anymore, so some IDPs started looking for job, cutting wood to build a stronger house because after a long time, the tarp used to cover the house began to deteriorate.

Everywhere we go we have done similar activities. We went to visit them, talked to them and made a distribution of food supplies, mosquitos net and school supplies. At the same time, our medic also provides primary care to the IDPs patient. We taught them about basic hygiene. We sang and danced with the IDPs children. Give them a haircut and encourage words. They were so happy. They said “Thank you for coming again, thank you for not forgetting us and thank you for giving us seeds last time. That is very helpful. We plant it and we can eat it”.

CAMP TWO

Camp Name: **Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma**
 IDPs: **30 household 104 IDPs**
 Location: **21.048898, 98.722159**
 Visited date: **June 23, 2022**



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: This photo was taken at the conclusion of a GLC program.

This IDP camp is in the forest so there are a lot of mosquitoes here. This place is far from the village and there is no water so they had to walk for 10-15 minutes to get the water. From talking to them they said that they were hired to grow corn and plant a garden in the village to raise money to build a stronger house because they could no longer return to their home. Their children went to study with the monks at the village temple because there were no schools and doctors here, it was quite difficult for them to live here.



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: these people were displaced in December 2021 but they are still using tarps for roofs. These tarps need to be replaced once a year.



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: The team giving mosquito net to IDPS.



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: The ranger team provided a medical clinic to the IDPs.

CAMP THREE

Camp Name: **Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma**
 IDPs: **77 household 209 IDPs**
 Location: **21.023443, 98.467177**
 Visited date: **June 25, 2022**

This IDPs camp is very far from the town and the road is very bad. It's setting beside the big river named Pang River so the weather is hot and humid all the time. Even this IDPs camp is close to the big river but the IDPs people can not benefit from the river as much because the river is deep and dangerous to their children. Their houses are very small and close to each other. Therefore, there is not much area for growing vegetables for eating. We walked around the camp and it revealed that their sanitation was not good because they did not have sanitary toilets and there are no doctors here. The IDPs people here still lack food. They also cannot rely on themselves and have to wait for people to donate food because they are far away and have no income.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: The IDP camp is very hot and it is difficult to access the river.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: The IDP camp needs to invest in sanitation and build more bathrooms. The bathroom above is used by two or three families.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: The IDPs contacted the ranger team at night to inform them of a women with a high fever. The medic traveled back to the women's house and treated her.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: Children completing their school work.

Interview

Date: **June 24, 2022**
 Name: **Jai Lao**
 Age: **19**
 Occupation: **Farmer**
 Gender: **Male**
 Religion: **Buddhism**
 Ethnic: **Shan**
 Village: **Baan Torsang, Kyaukme, Lashio**
 Voice record: **Yes**

Lung Thor is a farmer. He lived in Pei Kun. He heard the fighting between the Peoples Defense Force (PDF) and Burma Army (BA), Pa-O National Organization (PNO). close to his village then he fled to this temple with his six family members on 16th May, 2022 at night by the neighborhood's truck. He said "On that day a lot of Karenni and Shan ran away from the fighting". "It was very hard to run away at night around 11 pm and now the fighting is happening in my village after I got here" and he said he doesn't know when he can get back home. Moreover, he told us that while the IDP ran away some people took their cows, along with them, but most didn't and was taken by a group of soldiers who were fighting now for food. Some IDP tried to get back to check their house but their belongings were lost, for example; tractor, cars, motorbike, rice sack, buffalo and cow. Their belongings are searched. Now nobody can go back to the village because lately one IDP went back then got shot by the army and died. They said that what they need most right now is food, bedding and cookware.



Jai Leo

CAMP FOUR

Camp Name: **Waan Pieng Sha (Nam Jha), Keng Tong, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma**
IDPs: **22 household 71 IDP**
Location: **21.144329, 98.431996**
Visited date: **June 26, 2022**



Waan Pieng Sha (Nam Jha), Keng Tong, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: Balloons are distributed to the children.

This small IDPs camp close to Pang River but the weather is not too hot. Of all the visits to IDPs camp, this is where the village location is the best because it is not far from the big river. There is a small river nearby and IDPs camp here is right next to a small village road. Every house will grow vegetables donated by our seeds when they fled here last year. They also farm corn to earn money but their children have no school to attend.

Interview

Date: **June 26, 2022**
 Name: **Hsa**
 Age: **48**
 Occupation: **Farmer**
 Gender: **Female**
 Religion: **Buddhism**
 Ethnic: **Shan**
 Village: **Baan Pangmakmue, Kyaukme, Lashio**
 Voice record: **Yes**

I chose to interview this woman because she had previously come to our medic for medication. She told us that she wanted medication for palpitations. So we inquired about her condition. She said that when she heard a loud noise, she would be shocked and tremble. Sometimes she wanted to cry and ran away. So we asked her if she had this symptom for a long time. She said that she started to be since escaping here. We think she's probably suffering from trauma from the fighting in her village. So we told her that we don't have any medicine for this disease. We had only generic drugs and told her that her condition might be a psychological symptom that developed after a traumatic event. We therefore recommend that she should meditate emotional and mental control. For this reason, I thought I would like to interview her.

I remember when I started interviewing her. She doesn't look like the other IDPs I've interviewed. She looks more anxious than anyone else. I interviewed her about her family. She said she had only one child. Then another villager sitting next to her told me that she has two children. Then Sai Jom, our Shan ranger told her that we interviewed her because she is an IDPs not because we wanted to collect her information to take her son into the military. After that, she looked more relaxed in our interview.

She ran away from the village last June. I asked her why she ran away. She said she didn't know how to explain. Then she said that there was a bomb at the house next to her house. As she was about to eat lunch with her family, she panicked and ran away. When they fled, there were about 500-600 people fleeing the battle. The IDPs were divided into groups dispersed in different places. The fighting happened between SSPP/SSA and PNO soldiers in a village near her village and then came to her village. The day she ran away she ran away with her family. They walked for about two hours and asked to get in the villagers' cars. On the way. They have to stop and sleep on the side of the road for one night, and then have to stop in several villages before arriving here, it takes 19 days to arrive here. She also said that when she fled, her grandson was only 16 days old, and on the day the bomb exploded next to the house, a neighbor who had just given birth an hour later had to flee into a bunker.

Now her family of 6 people, including 2 grandchildren, have fled together at this camp. She farms corn by herself. She said that if I could go back to the old village, I'd rather go back to my home. And she also thanked us for helping them.



*Waan Pieng Sha (Nam Jha), Keng Tong,
Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: Nang Hsa
and her son.*

Good Life Club

School: **Waan Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma**
 Children: **115**
 Teacher: **5**
 Location: **20.671325, 97.953804**
 Date: **June 27, 2022**



***Waan Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma:** These children were very happy to receive their new GLC shirt.*

After we visited the IDP camps. We went to visit Ban Pong School which is a school in the area where we go on a mission. In addition, one of our team members is also a teacher here. This member of our team is Sai Nhoom Wan, he was joined TUV training in 2019.

This school is not a government school, but it is a school established by RCSS/SSA and the community leader like monk and the villagers in the area. Although it is well known to the locals that their school was set up by a military group, but must use the name of a local organization which is a monk to certify and issue a name instead because the Burma Army will destroy the school.

We did Good Life Club activities with the students here. We sang together, danced, and played games. We taught them some basic healthcare and hygiene. We told them the story of God through the color book and bracelets. We taught them an anatomy, gave them sports equipment and school supplies. Before finishing the program, we handing out snacks to the children. Everyone was laughing and having fun together today.

Most of the school in Shan State use a customized curriculum. It is different from the Burmese government education program. There are six subjects in this customized curriculum such as Tai language, Burmese language, English language, Mathematics, Geography and History. Classes begin from grade 1-8. Due to this school is a self-established school, not a Burmese government school therefore, this school is - lack of preparation in teaching management, lack of learning equipment, they have no a quality teacher, lack of bathroom and lack of clean drinking water.



Waan Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: Ranger provides a school pack. It contains football, volleyball and net, school supplies, notebooks, seeds for planting, anatomy apron, ORS guides to teach about treatment of dehydration, hair clippers, Day of Prayer Magazine, balloons, beads, and a christian coloring book.



Waan Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: The ranger teams teach basic anatomy and hygiene during a GLC program.



Waan Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: This school building doesn't have separate classroom this room houses grades 1 to 4. They don't have walls separating the classroom so the teacher face the students in different directions.

Conclusion.

From personal experience of three mission trips to Shan State, Myanmar in 2019, 2020 and 2022, the quality of education in Shan State is quite poor because it is a self-established school by the local Shan community. The Burmese government school have more qualified teachers but most of the Shan school's teachers are from ordinary people who graduated high in the area like some school they use the people who graduated between grades 6-10 to be a teachers because they lack of teaches. Most of the teacher is still young. Some teacher is age only 16 years old. Teachers are not currently paid a salary. Therefore, female teachers are responsible for teaching students in schools while male teachers are obliged to work. The men teacher have to go out to do gardening, farming, and planting corn in order to bring their income from work to be paid for all teachers. As a result, education in Shan State is another big problem resulting from political problems.

We would like to thank FBR for giving us a great opportunity to share God's love with the Shan people during our mission as we have always done in this year. With love from God even, in the difficult situation we still have an opportunity to showed them about God's love during our mission, through the medical care and the Good Like Club Program. We pray that in one day Shan people and other ethnic in Myanmar will able to have a wonderful future.

Mission Finances

Expense Details	Expenses Baht	Balance Baht
Budget		96,800
Food	3,012	93,788
Housing	3,000	90,788
Transportation	21,980	68,808
Fuel	3,120	65,688
Travelling	30,500	35,188
Communication	820	34,368
Gift/ Support for team	1,500	32,868
Medicine	11,032	21,836
Supplies for Team	13,423	8,413
Other	8,238	175
Total	96,625	175

CAMP ONE: Waan Won Som, Loilen Lay, Loikaw, Kayah State, Myanmar (Burma)



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: The Shan Ranger team loading food supplies into a truck to be delivered to IDP's



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: The supplies are covered with a tarp to protect them from the weather and disguised it from the Burma Army.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: The food supplies organized for distribution at the front of the temple.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: The food supplies were given to the monk of the temple and will be distributed to the IDPs.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: IDP children receive snack.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Rangers hand out a snack at the conclusion of a GLC program.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Grade 1 and 2. This is the classroom for grades one and two. The teachers and student would both benefit from teaching guides and student books. They don't currently have Myanmar Standard curriculum instead the construction is subsidized by the Shan Army. They don't provided the same curriculum as they students in Central Burma.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: (Grades 6 to 10) are taught by the monk on the second floor of the temple.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Shan IDP kindergartner student



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: (Grade 1-2) Shan IDP Student completes her english lessons.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Shan IDP student



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Shan IDP student



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Shan IDP student



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Shan IDP student



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Shan IDP family.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: Displaced mother cut wood that will be used to fuel the cooking stove.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: 2 IDPs in there living space. They have no walls and “their space” is denoted by the tarp.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: the living area of IDP their use tarps to identify their personal space. The IDPs wish there was more privacy.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: This picture show the village where several IDPs have sought shelter with the villagers. Several IDPs are living in the homes of villagers other have built shelters among the village. These are the christian refugees from Karenni.



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: This is another christian family hosting christian IDPs from Karenni.



The Displaced Village, Pekon, Karenni State: This is the village that the IDPs were displaced from. The photos were taken when the IDPs returned to check on their things.



The Displaced Village, Pekon, Karenni State: this unexploded ordnance was found in the village.



The Displaced Village, Pekon, Karenni State: This home was destroyed by the fighting between Burma Army and resistant forces .



Waan Won Som, Loikaw, Karenni State: This displaced move broke down into tear during the interview with Nu Nu. She said: "I have no home to go back to"

CAMP 2: Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: This is the first time they arrive at IDP camp.



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: The IDPs have begun to plant small gardens to support their families. This garden don't produce enough calories to sustain the families but does subsidize the food support they receive. This is the second time our team has visited this camp. The team provided the villagers with seeds to plant their gardens. They requested more seeds.



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: Photo was taken at the conclusion of a GLC program. The children received balloon school supplies and a snack.



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: the photo was taken at the conclusion of a GLC program. They children received shirts, snacks and a day of fun.



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: Shan Ranger distributes cooking supplies to IDP families.



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: *This child is receiving treatment at the medical clinics from the ranger medics*



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: Shan Ranger medic provides care to a sick person.

CAMP 3: Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: The recently upgrade to metal roofs.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma:



Waan Nam Hu, Keng Tawng, Loi Lem, Shan State Burma: The Ranger team provided a medical clinic to the IDPs.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma:



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: The Shan Relief team giving encouragement to the IDP community during and evening meeting.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: This is an example of the inside of an IDPs house.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: The Shan Relief team giving encouragement to the IDP community during and evening meeting.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: IDP home.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: A group photo taken after the IDPs received relief supplies.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: Food distribution.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: GLC program. The relief team use the color book to tell a story about Jesus.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: Children lessoning to Jesus story



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: Teacher receiving support for all the village teachers, students, and the school.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: IDP Child



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: IDP Child

CAMP 4: Good Life Club aan Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma



Good Life Club and Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: The beginning of a GLC program.



Good Life Club and Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: GLC program.



Good Life Club and Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: Children at GLC.



Good Life Club and Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: Children at GLC.



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: IDP Child



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: Practicing GLC song



Waan Mai and Wo Long, Keng Kam, Kunhing, Loi lem, Shan State Burma: During some GLC programs they offer haircuts to the IDPs.



Good Life Club and Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: Children at GLC. She is showing off her GLC beads which will be used to remind her of the sacrifice and promises Jesus made to her.



Good Life Club and Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: Teacher joins the GLC Program.



Good Life Club and Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: Children at GLC.



Good Life Club and Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: Children were given sweet milk tea for snack.



Good Life Club and Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: Children at GLC.



Good Life Club and Pong School, Hai Hpak, Nansang, Shan State Burma: Rangers distribute new GLC shirts to children during a GC program.